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# THE WASHINGTON HERALD

Each day starts the thinking minds that determine each day's activities—local, national and international—form their opinions from the news presented in the morning newspapers.

NO. 3675. WEATHER—FAIR. WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1916. ONE CENT

# PRESIDENT WILSON RE-ELECTED; CALIFORNIA GIVES HIM VICTORY; REPUBLICANS WILL FILE PROTESTS

## LEAD IN COAST STATE CLINCHES WILSON VICTORY

With Returns Nearly Complete, Democrats Are Conceded Pivotal Territory—Only Two States Now Doubtful.

(By the International News Service.)  
New York, Nov. 9.—The States of California, New Mexico and North Dakota, swinging into the Democratic column at midnight, make certain the re-election of Woodrow Wilson over Charles E. Hughes, with at least six electoral votes to spare.  
The States of Minnesota and New Hampshire remained doubtful, with a strong trend toward the Democratic candidate.  
Wilson has certainly carried thirty-one Northern, Southern and Western States, with 272 electoral votes. Hughes carried fourteen Eastern and Northern States and two Western States, with an electoral vote of 243.

**CALIFORNIA SETTLES DOUBTS.**  
California, which had wavered for two days between Wilson and Hughes, settled all doubt as to the outcome of the election at 10 o'clock, when the lead of the President was increased so that with 190 districts missing his plurality was 3,112.  
In New Mexico he took the lead from Hughes, and was 2,634 votes ahead, with 158 districts unreported.  
At the same time North Dakota became sure for Wilson, and Wilson gains were reported in Minnesota and New Hampshire.  
Returns from two late-reporting counties in West Virginia—Grant and Preston—tonight increased the Hughes' total by more than 1,900, giving the Republican candidate a plurality in the State of 3,307 with only 131 precincts to be heard from.

**MAY GET ONLY SEVEN VOTES.**  
The swing in the two counties to Hughes was the greatest of its kind since the count in this State began.  
There is a possibility tonight that even if Mr. Hughes carries West Virginia, as seems assured; he will receive only seven of the eight electoral votes, owing to the failure of officials in some counties to place the name of S. A. Scott, candidate for elector, on their ticket.  
When the news of California's decision reached Republican headquarters in New York the place was almost instantly deserted. There is still talk of making contests, and many lawyers, headed by former Attorney General George W. Wickersham, have been engaged to take all possible legal steps to fight for Hughes to the last trench.  
So decided, however, were the midnight returns that none of the Republican leaders had any confidence that either recounts or recourse to courts could save their candidate.  
The result of the election, which was clouded by doubt and conflicting report after two days, has upset all precedents in American politics. Wilson has been elected by Republican States—States on which the G. O. P. leaders counted so surely that they took little trouble or expense to make pre-election fights within their borders.

**MIDDLE AND FAR WEST FOR WILSON.**  
Without New York or Illinois, which declared decisively and immediately for Hughes, the Democrats found enough strength in the Middle and extreme West to overcome the great electoral votes of these and many other populous and important States.  
Of the Western States, where a Hughes victory was practically conceded by Democrats, Hughes was victorious only in Oregon. In the Middle West Iowa and South Dakota only voted for him.  
New England's rock ribbed Republicanism almost cracked under the strain of the trend toward Wilson. Republican pluralities of former years dwindled until they almost disappeared. In the case of New Hampshire

## HOW ELECTORAL VOTES LOOK AT LAST MINUTE

For Wilson	272
For Hughes	243
Doubtful	16
Needed to win	266

Minnesota (12 votes) and New Hampshire (4 votes) doubtful.

It will require an official count to decide the claim of the Republicans that their hold on a solid New England is still unbroken.  
The result in New England is a savage blow at the confidence of the high protectionist that the tariff will be a continuing issue in American politics.

From the general result it is clear that as the men voted in the suffrage States, so did the women. In Illinois men and women seemed about equally divided as to preference. The State went to Hughes by a big plurality.

**WILSON LOSES IN HOME STATE.**  
In Kansas, Colorado, Montana, Washington, Oregon and California, where women also vote, Wilson was successful, but his plurality was not sufficiently large to indicate that the women voters supported him as a unit.  
One of the unusual, if not unexpected, features of the result was that Mr. Wilson lost his own State of New Jersey by more than 50,000, losing his own town and his own district. The Democratic candidate for Senator from New Jersey, James A. Martin, went down with the Wilson defeat.

That the vote for President and Vice President was personal and not partisan is shown by the fact that the Republicans made very considerable gains in the Congressional voting. With nine seats in the House of Representatives still in doubt, the Republicans seem to have wiped out the Democratic majority in that body and to have gained control by at least one vote.  
The Senate, where Republican gains have been offset by Republican losses, will remain Democratic by a safe working majority of perhaps twelve votes. Prohibition made a decided forward step.

Michigan has voted for State-wide prohibition by 75,000 majority; Nebraska by 35,000, Montana by 20,000 and South Dakota by 25,000. Idaho has adopted a prohibition constitutional amendment by a majority of three to one.  
Twenty-four of the forty-eight States have now declared for State-wide prohibition, and more than 60 per cent of the population and 85 per cent of the area of the country is dry.

**Progressive Vote for Wilson.**  
The claim that the Progressives went over to Wilson seems to have been confirmed by the vote.  
It is clear that the Progressive party, instead of being absorbed by the Republican party, remains still independent and may yet have to be reckoned with another year.  
While two cities with large German-American populations, Cincinnati and Milwaukee, supported Hughes, St. Louis, continued on page two.

## Wilson Victor by 200,000 Plurality, Leaders Claim

(By the International News Service.)  
New York, Nov. 9.—Announcement that President Wilson has been elected by both a popular and electoral plurality was made at National Democratic Headquarters tonight at 11 o'clock.  
It followed a wild demonstration caused by receipt of a bulletin stating that Wilson had carried California. The statement follows:  
"The President has carried the country by a popular plurality of from 200,000 to 300,000, with an electoral vote of 272 absolutely sure, add with Minnesota, West Virginia, and New Hampshire still to be decided. To say there will be any contest is an insult to the intelligence of the American people.  
"There is nothing to add to our statement previously made. We have claimed the re-election of President Wilson since early Tuesday evening. We knew we had it then, and we have been fighting especially for the Western States."

## WILSON STILL LEADS IN NEW MEXICO VOTE

(By the International News Service.)  
Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 9.—Returns from 48 out of the 63 precincts in New Mexico give Wilson 31,885 to 23,251 for Hughes, a lead of 2,634 for the President. These are revised figures received from county clerks, but do not include a report from Roosevelt County, where the clerk merely reported Wilson had carried the county by 425.  
The clerk of Sierra County reported that the returns of its precincts had been locked up.  
There is no way of telling what the outgoing county will register. Men have been sent out on horseback and motors to speed up the returns.

827.20—Atlanta and Return—827.20  
Nov. 12, 13, 14. Southern Railway.—Adv.

## WILSON CONGRATULATED BY SECRETARY TUMULTY

Asbury Park, N. J., Nov. 9.—Secretary Tumulty tonight wired President Wilson aboard the Mayflower of his re-election. His message follows:  
"I am here surrounded by the loyal Democrats of old Monmouth, and beg leave to send you our greetings and congratulations. The cause you have so nobly represented has at last triumphed, and we greet you. Our hearts, our thoughts and our affections go to you."

**Bavarian Prince Killed.**  
Berlin, Nov. 9.—Prince Henry of Bavaria, a nephew of King Louis, is dead.

**Baltimore and Ohio—Pimlico Races.**  
Camden Station. Street cars direct to track. \$1.75 round trip. Saturdays, \$1.50.—Adv.

## PLANS RECOUNT IN FOUR STATES

Wickersham to Lead G. O. P. Legal Battle.

(By the International News Service.)  
New York, Nov. 9.—Republicans tonight began marshalling their forces for the great legal battle they will wage for the Presidency.

George W. Wickersham, attorney general of the United States in the Taft Cabinet, was placed in charge of the legal forces. He has already begun the collection of evidence on which to base contentions in States that went to Wilson by small pluralities.

Damning preparations against Democratic contests are also being made in States which Hughes carried by narrow margins.

Mr. Wickersham has already sent telegrams of instructions to Republican leaders and to his old associates in the Department of Justice in all States where there are likely to be contests.  
It has already been agreed that the Hughes managers will take steps to bring about a recount of the votes in California, North Dakota, New Hampshire and New Mexico.

At the conclusion of the conferences at which this program was agreed upon Chairman Willcox made this announcement:  
"No matter who wins, every vote should be counted as cast. We shall demand a recount in every State where the result was so close that ignorance or the mistake of election officials might change it."

**Recounts Fraud Charge.**

"I am glad to see the Democrats are no longer making charges that the Republicans are trying to buy the election. I am sure the Democratic managers now appreciate that any such charges were a mistake and should never have been made."

"We shall bring no contest on technical grounds. We shall undoubtedly seek a recount which will insure the accuracy of the count in at least four States—California, North Dakota, New Hampshire, and New Mexico."

Chairman Willcox and Mr. Wickersham during the afternoon conferred with Mr. Hughes at the Hotel Astor.  
After consideration of the matter of possible necessity for contesting the vote in several States, Chairman McCormick said tonight he thought President Wilson's re-election would be so conclusive that such action would not be required.

"The President has won fairly and squarely," he said, "and I see no need now for contests. Of course, the various State chairmen and their organizations have been told to go ahead and take such action as they deem necessary for safeguarding the ballots, but no specific orders have been given as to any State.  
"We have got to be convinced of crooked work before we do anything. Every county is safeguarded by a committee of lawyers, acting under the direction of the national committee. In New Hampshire these lawyers are already on the job."

## WILLCOX STILL REFUSES TO CONCEDE HIS DEFEAT

Republican Chairman Downcast But Continues to Hope for Change.

(By the International News Service.)  
New York, Nov. 9.—President Wilson's re-election was conceded at Republican headquarters by practically every official but Chairman Willcox.

The death blow to their ambitions came when news was received that an alleged transportation of 2,000 votes from Wilson to Hughes in California had been discovered and that the correction gave the President a plurality of about 3,500.

Both Frank H. Hitchcock and George W. Perkins rushed to the long distance phone and called up State Chairman Chester H. Rowell at San Francisco. It took an hour to get him. When Mr. Hitchcock emerged from the booth he was crestfallen, and said:

"We have lost California and we have to hold it to elect Mr. Hughes."

"Does this mean that you concede the re-election of the President?"  
"I shall wait a while before admitting that. I merely say that we have lost California and that we need at least a part of her votes to insure the election of Mr. Hughes."

Mr. Perkins declined to say anything except this: "It looks as if the President would have about 2,100 plurality in California, though later returns may change this. We have carried Minnesota and New Mexico, and we may have enough from other States to win. We shall know more about it tomorrow, perhaps."

**MRS. BOISSEVAIN NEAR DEATH.**

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 9.—Despite two transfusions of blood in an effort to save her life, the condition of Mrs. Ines Mitholland Boissevain, famous suffragist, today was critical.  
Mrs. Boissevain, her husband, and of Miss Vida Mitholland, were given yesterday, but no improvement has been noted.

**Norway Replies to Germany.**

London, Nov. 9.—A dispatch from Christiania today states that Norway's reply to Germany's submarine project has been sent to Berlin.

A dispatch to the International News Service from Copenhagen several days ago reported that the Norwegian reply had been handed in.

## Wilson Elected, Admits California G. O. P. Head

(By the International News Service.)

San Francisco, Nov. 9.—California's thirteen electoral votes will be cast for Woodrow Wilson.

This was decided beyond the shadow of a doubt early tonight when, with only sixty-five outlying precincts to be heard from, the tally showed Wilson with a lead of more than 3,000.

Out of the 5,870 precincts in the State, the 5,865 counted gave this vote: Wilson, 464,627; Hughes, 461,885.  
At 8:30 o'clock tonight Chairman Charles H. Rowell, of the Republican State Committee, conceded the election of Wilson.

## WILSON CERTAIN, GOES YACHTING

Leaves on Mayflower for Voyage Up Hudson.

Asbury Park, N. J., Nov. 9.—President Wilson, convinced of his re-election, left the summer White House immediately after dinner for Sandy Hook, where he went aboard the yacht Mayflower. The trip from Shadow Lawn to Sandy Hook was made by motor. The Mayflower will take the President and his party to Rhinecliff, on the Hudson.

From Rhinecliff the President will go by rail to Williamstown, Mass., to attend the Christmas of his youngest grandchild, the second child of his daughter, Mrs. Francis B. Sayre.

President Wilson declined to make any comment, but is absolutely convinced of his re-election. Dr. Cary T. Grayson, the White House physician, said today that Mr. Wilson has stood the three days of strain remarkably well.

Mr. Wilson's departure took place tonight about the time a big demonstration occurred in the executive offices at Asbury Park. Ever since Tuesday at 6 o'clock Secretary Tumulty has been on duty figuring returns and keeping Mr. Wilson posted on the progress of the race. The demonstration tonight occurred when it seemed certain that not only California, but probably Minnesota, would go in the Wilson column.

After receiving assurances from his aides in the executive offices this morning, President Wilson spent his time morning and night. Mrs. Wilson enjoyed the sports with him.  
The President will remain in Williamstown Friday night. He plans to return to the Mayflower at Rhinecliff, and will set sail on the Presidential yacht for Washington, where he expects to arrive on Monday afternoon. If these plans are not interrupted, the President will return to the Capital after an absence of two months and two days.

## RESULT IN MINNESOTA STILL IS IN DOUBT

Hughes Leading with 123 Precincts to Be Heard From.

(By the International News Service.)  
St. Paul, Nov. 9.—While Charles E. Hughes is still in the lead in Minnesota with 827, there are 123 precincts missing—most of them in the northern part of the State and considered favorable to President Wilson. At a late hour tonight the result in the State still is in doubt.  
Earlier in the night it was announced that only eighty-four precincts remained to be heard from. Checking up of the tabulation showed that there still are 123 to report.

In addition there are the votes of 2,019 Guardsmen, now on the border, which cannot be counted until November 13.

These votes are expected to go slightly in Hughes' favor, though straw votes have indicated the contrary.

Minnesota's votes will not be complete until a late hour tomorrow and possibly not until the militia vote has been canvassed next week.

Minnesota has twelve votes in the electoral college.

## MAN STRUCK BY AUTO DIES FROM INJURIES

Cassell Klein, 22 years old, of 1543 Sixth street northwest, died early this morning at Emergency Hospital from injuries received when he was run down at Seventh and D streets Wednesday afternoon by an automobile driven by Dr. J. P. Spier.

Klein was first thought to have received only a broken leg. His condition became worse Thursday and examination revealed he had been hurt internally.

**HUGHES RETAINS LEAD.**

Has Plurality of 131 in New Hampshire Uncomplete Returns.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 9.—Officials from all but twenty-five precincts of the 36 in New Hampshire tonight gave Hughes a plurality of 131. The vote stood—Hughes, 40,328; Wilson, 40,197.

No estimate on the twenty-five missing precincts is available tonight. Secretary of State Bean declared he would take no consideration of unofficial estimates in his computations.

## HOUSE CONTROL IN DOUBT WITH 'G. O. P. LEADING

Democrats Will Have Majority of 12 in Senate on Early Returns.

**CLARK MAY LOSE REINS**

Chance Is Conceded Representative Mann to Corral Speakership in the Lower Body.

Democrats will have a majority of twelve in the United States Senate in the sixty-fifth Congress, according to the returns from all parts of the country received up to midnight.

The complexion of the next Senate will be:

DEMOCRATS, 54.

REPUBLICANS, 42.

Control of the House is still in doubt, with the latest returns indicating that the Republicans will have very small lead. The margin of twenty-seven in the Sixty-fourth Congress has now narrowed down to not more than thirty.

The figures are: Republicans, 215; Democrats, 214; Prohibitionist, 1; Protectionist, 1; Independent, 1; Socialist, 1.

**Big Surprise in Senate.**

In the Senate the big surprise in the results came through the defeat of Senators Lippitt, of Rhode Island, and Du Pont, of Delaware, deemed certain re-election by the Republican National Committee. The defeat of Senators Kern and Taggart, Democrats, was also unexpected, and the poor showing of Representative David J. Lewis in Maryland, was a disappointment to the Congressional Committee. Late returns made it appear certain that Senator Chilton, of West Virginia, Democrat, suffered defeat. The contest will be taken to the courts and the seat will be contested in Congress.

In the House fights, surprise came in the defeat of Representative Roberts, of Massachusetts, after twenty years of service, the defeat of Representatives Reilly, of Kentucky, and Burke, of Wisconsin; Tavenner and Buchanan, in Illinois; Bailey, in Pennsylvania; Cullip and Cline, in Indiana, and Barchfield, in Pennsylvania.

**Clark May Be Deposed.**  
Representative Meyer London, Socialist, from New York, is returned by such a slender margin that a recount has been sought by the Democrats and the election may be contested.

With the margin so narrow, the candidacy of Representative "Jim" Mann, of Illinois, for Speaker, is liable to bring about the deposing of Champ Clark.

Democratic leaders said last night that the independent votes and the Socialist ballot in the House probably would be cast for Speaker Clark and insure his choice as presiding officer of the Sixty-fifth Congress.

The defeat of Senator Kern means a new majority leader in the Senate and new presiding officer for the Democratic caucus.

In the House, Representative Roberts is the ranking Republican member of the Naval Affairs Committee, and his defeat puts Representative Browning in line for the chairmanship of the committee under Republican control.

Representative Carey, of Wisconsin, will make an effort to become chairman of the District committee if the G. O. P. swings the Congress. He is from Wisconsin and will replace Representative Ben Johnson, of Kentucky, the present Democratic chairman.

**ODDS 2 TO 1 ON WILSON.**  
New York, Nov. 9.—One hundred thousand dollars was offered in the lobby of the Stock Exchange this afternoon at even money that Hughes had carried California.

So far as could be learned only a small part of it was covered. Odds on Wilson's re-election were quoted at 2 to 1 in the Stock Exchange corridors and at 10 to 7 on the curb.

**SOUTH DAKOTA FOR SUFFRAGE.**  
New York, Nov. 9.—Announcement was made today at the headquarters of the National Woman Suffrage Association that the suffrage amendment was carried in South Dakota. The issue in West Virginia is still doubtful, it was said.

**"LADY ROSE'S DAUGHTER" HERE**  
Mrs. Humphrey Ward, the author of "Robert Elsmere," "Eleanor," etc., has no better book to her credit than "Lady Rose's Daughter."

By special arrangement with the publishers, The Washington HERALD is able to offer this book to its classified advertisers who place a classified advertisement to not less than forty cents in the paper during the current week.

This book is an exact duplicate in everything but cover of the bound volume that sold for \$1.25 to \$1.50. Each volume is illustrated with eight artistic illustrations of the highest type, and bound in an exceptionally attractive plate paper cover, elaborately decorated.

HERALD Want Ads are the quickest, surest means of acquainting the public with what you want and what you have to offer—and there is a classification for every requirement. These books may be seen and secured at the main office of The Washington HERALD at the time of placing your classified advertisement.

Total morning newspaper gain 942,853 lines  
Total evening newspaper gain 275,993 lines  
Morning gain over evening 666,860 lines  
According to the Evening Star

which published the following figures on the front page of its issue of Saturday, October 21, 1916:

### ADVERTISING

	Total lines six months ending Sept. 30, 1916.	Total lines six months ending Sept. 30, 1915.
The Evening and Sunday Star	5,341,035	5,847,287
The Daily and Sunday Post	3,025,612	3,291,508
The Evening and Sunday Times	2,339,825	2,109,566
The Morning and Sunday Herald	1,612,419	2,289,376

506,252 gain  
265,896 gain  
230,259 loss  
676,957 gain

The gain of The Washington Herald alone is considerably over 200% greater than that of the evening papers combined, and considerably over 200% greater than that of our morning competitor.

Separate Sunday advertising from the above figures and you will find that The HERALD is second in total value of advertising carried for the six days a week and third on Sundays.